

LPL FINANCIAL HOLDINGS INC. Q2 2024 INVESTOR PRESENTATION

July 25, 2024

Notice to Investors: Safe Harbor Statement

Statements in this presentation regarding LPL Financial Holdings Inc.'s (together with its subsidiaries, the "Company") future financial and operating results, growth, priorities, business strategies, capabilities, and outlook, including forecasts and statements relating to the Company's future advisory and brokerage asset levels and mix, organic asset growth, market share, deposit betas, core G&A* expenses (including outlook for 2024) and estimated expenses and financial impacts associated with the Company's strategic relationship with Prudential Financial, Inc. ("Prudential") and acquisition of Atria Wealth Solutions, Inc. ("Atria"), service offerings, operating margin, Gross Profit* benefits, EBITDA* benefits, target leverage ratio, client cash balances and yields, service and fee revenue, investments, acquisitions (including Liquidity & Succession transactions), capital returns, planned share repurchases, if any, the anticipated closing of pending transactions, and the amount and timing of the onboarding of acquired, recruited or transitioned brokerage and advisory assets, as well as any other statements that are not related to present facts or current conditions or that are not purely historical, constitute forward-looking statements. They reflect the Company's expectations and objectives as of July 25, 2024 and are not guarantees that the expectations or objectives expressed or implied will be achieved. The achievement of such expectations and objectives involves risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results, levels of activity or the timing of events to differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include: difficulties and delays in onboarding the assets of acquired or recruited advisors, including the receipt and timing of regulatory approvals that may be required; disruptions in the businesses of the Company that could make it more difficult to maintain relationships with advisors and their clients; the choice by clients of acquired or recruited advisors not to open brokerage and/or advisory accounts at the Company; the negotiation of definitive terms of separation with strategically misaligned large enterprises; changes in general economic and financial market conditions, including retail investor sentiment; changes in interest rates and fees payable by banks participating in the Company's client cash programs, including the Company's success in negotiating agreements with current or additional counterparties; the Company's strategy and success in managing client cash program fees; changes in the growth and profitability of the Company's fee-based offerings; fluctuations in the levels of advisory and brokerage assets, including net new assets, and the related impact on revenue; effects of competition in the financial services industry and the success of the Company in attracting and retaining financial advisors and institutions, and their ability to market financial products and services effectively; whether the retail investors served by newly-recruited advisors choose to move their respective assets to new accounts at the Company; the effect of current, pending and future legislation, regulation and regulatory actions, including disciplinary actions imposed by federal and state regulators and self-regulatory organizations; the cost of settling and remediating issues related to regulatory matters or legal proceedings, including actual costs of reimbursing customers for losses in excess of our reserves; changes made to the Company's services and pricing, including in response to competitive developments and current, pending and future legislation, regulation and regulatory actions, and the effect that such changes may have on the Company's Gross Profit* streams and costs; execution of the Company's capital management plans, including its compliance with the terms of the Company's amended and restated credit agreement, the committed revolving credit facility and LPL Financial's committed revolving credit facility, and the indentures governing the Company's senior unsecured notes; strategic acquisitions and investments, including pursuant to the Company's liquidity and succession solution, and the effect that such acquisitions and investments may have on the Company's capital management plans and liquidity; the price, availability and trading volumes of shares of the Company's common stock, which will affect the timing and size of future share repurchases by the Company, if any; whether advisors affiliated with Atria and Prudential will transition registration to the Company and whether assets reported as serviced by such financial advisors will translate into assets of the Company; the failure to satisfy the closing conditions applicable to the Company's strategic relationship agreement with Prudential, or the Company's purchase agreement with Atria, including regulatory approvals; the SEC's approval of the settlement agreement in connection with the settlement of the industry-wide civil investigation into compliance with records preservation requirements for business-related electronic communications stored on personal devices applicable to broker-dealer firms and investment advisors; the execution of the Company's plans and its success in realizing the synergies, expense savings, service improvements or efficiencies expected to result from its investments, initiatives and acquisitions, expense plans and technology initiatives; the performance of third-party service providers to which business processes have been transitioned; the Company's ability to control operating risks, information technology systems risks, cybersecurity risks and sourcing risks; and the other factors set forth in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, as may be amended or updated in the Company's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q or other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Except as required by law, the Company specifically disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of developments occurring after July 25, 2024 and you should not rely on statements contained herein as representing the Company's view as of any date subsequent July 25, 2024.

THIS PRESENTATION INCLUDES DATA AS OF JUNE 30, 2024, UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.

Notice to Investors: Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Management believes that presenting certain non-GAAP financial measures by excluding or including certain items can be helpful to investors and analysts who may wish to use this information to analyze the Company's current performance, prospects and valuation. Management uses this non-GAAP information internally to evaluate operating performance and in formulating the budget for future periods. Management believes that the non-GAAP financial measures and metrics discussed herein are appropriate for evaluating the performance of the Company. Specific Non-GAAP financial measures have been marked with an asterisk (*) within this presentation. Reconciliations and calculations of such measures can be found in the appendix of this presentation.

Adjusted EPS is defined as adjusted net income, a non-GAAP measure defined as net income plus the after-tax impact of amortization of other intangibles, acquisition costs and a regulatory charge in the third quarter of 2023 related to an investigation of the Company's compliance with records preservation requirements for business-related electronic communications stored on personal devices or messaging platforms that have not been approved by the Company, divided by the weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding for the applicable period. The Company presents adjusted net income and adjusted EPS because management believes that these metrics can provide investors with useful insight into the Company's core operating performance by excluding non-cash items, acquisition costs and a regulatory charge that management does not believe impact the Company's ongoing operations. Adjusted net income and adjusted EPS are not measures of the Company's financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as alternatives to net income, earnings per diluted share or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP. For a reconciliation of net income and earnings per diluted share to adjusted net income and adjusted EPS, please see the appendix of this presentation.

Gross profit is calculated as total revenue less advisory and commission expense; brokerage, clearing and exchange expense; and market fluctuations on employee deferred compensation. All other expense categories, including depreciation and amortization of property and equipment and amortization of other intangibles, are considered general and administrative in nature. Because the Company's gross profit amounts do not include any depreciation and amortization expense, the Company considers gross profit to be a non-GAAP financial measure that may not be comparable to similar measures used by others in its industry. Management believes that gross profit can provide investors with useful insight into the Company's core operating performance before indirect costs that are general and administrative in nature. For a calculation of gross profit, please see the appendix of this presentation.

Core G&A consists of total expense less the following expenses: advisory and commission; depreciation and amortization; interest expense on borrowings; brokerage, clearing and exchange; amortization of other intangibles; market fluctuations on employee deferred compensation; loss on extinguishment of debt; promotional (ongoing); employee share-based compensation; regulatory charges; and acquisition costs. Management presents core G&A because it believes core G&A reflects the corporate expense categories over which management can generally exercise a measure of control, compared with expense items over which management either cannot exercise control, such as advisory and commission, or which management views as promotional expense necessary to support advisor growth and retention, including conferences and transition assistance. Core G&A is not a measure of the Company's total expense as calculated in accordance with GAAP. For a reconciliation of the Company's total expense to core G&A, please see the appendix of this presentation. The Company does not provide an outlook for its total expense because it contains expense components, such as advisory and commission, that are market-driven and over which the Company cannot exercise control. Accordingly a reconciliation of the Company's outlook for total expense to an outlook for core G&A cannot be made available without unreasonable effort.

EBITDA is defined as net income plus interest expense on borrowings, provision for income taxes, depreciation and amortization, and amortization of other intangibles. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBTIDA, a non-GAAP measure, plus acquisition costs and a regulatory charge in the third quarter of 2023 related to an investigation of the Company's compliance with records preservation requirements for business-related electronic communications stored on personal devices or messaging platforms that have not been approved by the Company. The Company presents EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA because management believes that they can be useful financial metrics in understanding the Company's earnings from operations. EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are not measures of the Company's financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as alternatives to net income or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP. For a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA, please see the appendix of this presentation.

Credit Agreement EBITDA is defined in, and calculated by management in accordance with, the Company's amended and restated credit agreement ("Credit Agreement") as "Consolidated EBITDA," which is consolidated net income (as defined in the Credit Agreement) plus interest expense on borrowings, provision for income taxes, depreciation and amortization, and amortization of other intangibles, and is further adjusted to exclude certain non-cash charges and other adjustments, and to include future expected cost savings, operating expense reductions or other synergies from certain transactions. The Company presents Credit Agreement EBITDA because management believes that it can be a useful financial metric in understanding the Company's debt capacity and covenant compliance under its Credit Agreement EBITDA is not a measure of the Company's financial performance under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP. For a reconciliation of net income to Credit Agreement EBITDA, please see the appendix of this presentation.

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LPL investment highlights

Industry leader in the advisor-mediated marketplace with scale and structural tailwinds

- 2 Horizontal expansion strategy with a goal of meeting all ~300,000⁺ advisors where they are
- ³ Vertical integration strategy, with significant capacity to invest in capabilities that enhance the advisor value proposition and drive growth
- 4 Resilient business model with natural hedges to market volatility
- 5 Disciplined expense management, enabling operating leverage
- 6 Capital-light business model with flexible allocation framework

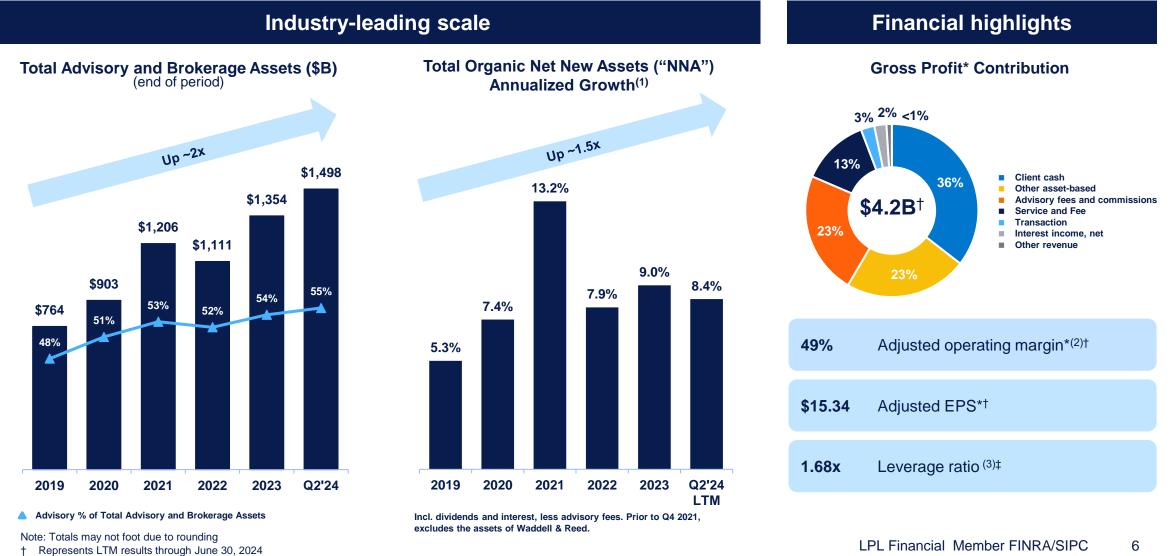
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LPL overview

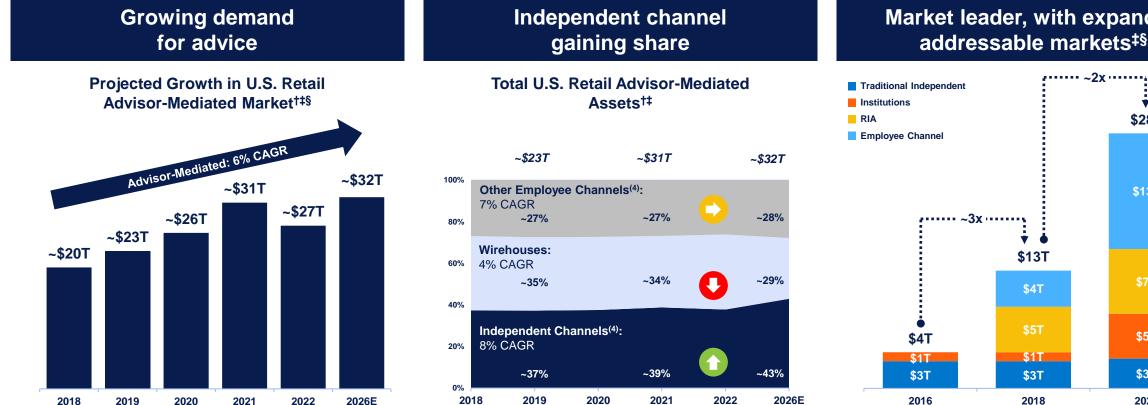
	Who we are		Who we serve			
broker-dealer in the U.S. [†]	diated marketplace as the la and a top custodian the front-, middle- and back		·	~23,500 Advisors	~\$1.5T Assets	
to serve the large and gro #1 Independent Broker-Dealer Financial Planning Magazine	Top RIA Custodian Cerulli Associates	Fortune 500 Company	Independ	lent Advisors: ~13,400 lent RIA: ~6,300 (~580 firms) n Services: ~3,700 (~1,000 s)	 Advisor channel: ~\$1,140B Institution channel: ~\$350B 	
	What we do			Our mission a	and vision	
 Help their clients achie Run thriving business We deliver 	nstitutions so they can eve life's goals and dreams es ies that help advisors and ir			Mission We take care of our adviso take care of their clients	rs and institutions so they can	
differentiated experier	nces for their clients s from flexible and compelli	-		Vision		
services that help adv	isors and institutions run ex n capabilities for advisors se	•		Become the leader across	the advisor-mediated marketplac	

LPL by the numbers



[±] As of June 30, 2024

We are a market leader with scale advantages and structural tailwinds



Market leader, with expanded addressable markets^{‡§}

\$28T

\$13T

\$7T

\$5T

\$3T

2022

LPL Financial Member FINRA/SIPC 7

Note: Totals may not foot due to rounding.

2023 Cerulli U.S. Retail and Institutional Asset Management Report and Cerulli Lodestar projections. Excludes self-directed market

Estimated market sizing based on 2023 Cerulli reports. See endnote (5) for additional detail

Figures presented reflect total assets 8

We are providing value-added capabilities that drive our market expansion

Horizontal expansion strategy

Vertical integration strategy



Meet advisors and institutions where they are in the evolution of their business by providing flexible solutions to help them design the perfect offering for their clients

Flexibility



Expand the addressable market through multiple affiliation models, positioning LPL to serve all ~300,000[†] advisors in the advisor-mediated marketplace



Deliver advisors and institutions end-to-end solutions that are higher quality, better integrated, easier to use, and more cost-efficient



Provide value-added capabilities that empower advisors and institutions to:

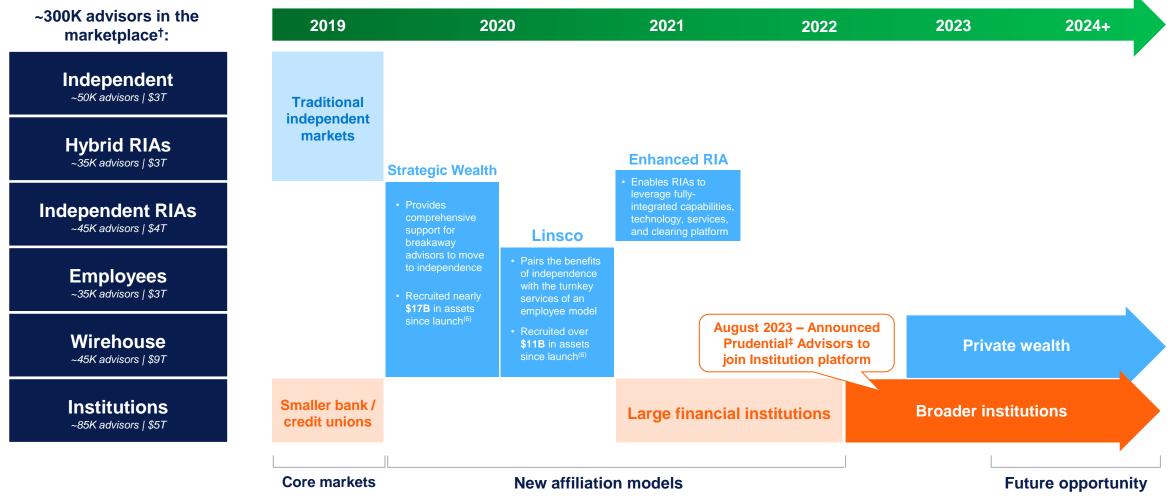
- Give great advice to differentiate and win
- Run high-performing businesses

Capabilities

Foundation:

Infrastructure that supports scalability, flexibility, and resiliency is core to our value proposition

Our horizontal expansion strategy enables us to meet all ~300,000⁺ advisors where they are



We are a market leader in independent advisor channels, with a growing opportunity in the employee channel

Organic NNA has driven the majority of Growing advisor opportunity Value proposition advisor asset growth Advisor Assets (\$B) Traditional Independent Model Organic Growth Initially, we served advisors in the Strategic Wealth Flexible ~\$1,140 independent market, where advisors own and Models Independent Employee operate their businesses Enhanced RIA ~\$1,020 We expand our market leadership through ~\$940 Compelling ongoing economics continued enhancements to capabilities Differentiated ~\$830 Transition assistance and competitive pricing **Economics** Lower technology costs and fees ~\$700 By building on what we already do well, we've unlocked the ability to support a broader set of Complete ~\$590 Advisors have complete ownership of advisors: Strategic Wealth, Independent Book their practice **Employee and Enhanced RIA Ownership** 11% • To power these new models, we Technology and operating platform 9% embedded a new layer of services that Value-added Integrated products and solutions extends our vertical integration, while also **Capabilities** Compliance and risk management 6% enhancing the overall client experience 5% Portfolio of services to help advisors run This combination has expanded our thriving businesses opportunity to serve all segments of the **Business** advisor-mediated market Services Solve the most compelling problems 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 Q2'24 LTM facing advisors

Horizontal expansion

Institution Assets (\$B)

We provide a compelling value proposition for institutions to outsource their wealth business

Growing institution opportunity

- Initially, we focused on depository financial institutions as our primary opportunity for outsourced wealth management
- As we onboarded several financial institutions in recent years, we've built a number of new capabilities and continue to innovate based on learnings from those onboardings
- In doing so, we've exposed new opportunities to serve broader institutions, expanding our addressable market from \$1T to \$5T
- Prudential Advisors is a recent example of our opportunity with broader institutions, expanding our presence into the insurance broker-dealer market
- To capitalize on this opportunity, there are additional capabilities we are building
- Our value proposition resonates for institutions outsourcing for the first time or looking to upgrade their existing provider

Recent and pending institution joins

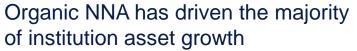


† 2021 Kehrer Bielan Research & Consulting Report

‡ TruStage, formerly CUNA Mutual Group

Value proposition







We are extending our vertical integration by solving for the needs of advisors at every stage of their practice

Lifecycle of an advisor

Entry	Growth and expansion	Practice optimization	Sunsetting and transition
Move to independence	LPL Services	Affiliation models	Liquidity & Succession
Support advisors with the transition to independence by providing them leading capabilities and services Provide the flexibility to enter independence through a differentiated affiliation model	 Offer portfolio of services to drive growth e.g., Paraplanning, Marketing Solutions, M&A Solutions, etc. 	 Meet advisors where they are in the evolution of their practice Strategic Wealth Independent Employee Enhanced RIA LPL Services Offer portfolio of services to 	 Enable advisors to transition their business without disruption Offer a market- competitive liquidity event Facilitate a successful transition for all
model Advisor Institute Provide training and curriculum to help new advisors enter the industry		 better support advisors e.g., Admin Solutions, Bookkeeping, CFO Solutions, etc. 	stakeholders: current and succeeding advisors, their clients and their office staff

Our operating platform delivers industry-leading flexibility and integrated workflows

Lead with choice and flexibility

- Promote optionality by integrating a broad array of third-party tools
- Design and deliver proprietary capabilities as needed

Guide advisors to best-fit solutions

- Leverage unique expertise to match advisors to the right capabilities
- Guide advisors and institutions to solutions optimized for cost

Streamline integrated workflows

- Make it easy for advisors to execute seamlessly across our ecosystem
- Provide access to practice management insights to drive advisor growth

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ClientWorks for advisors

Establishing an **integrated ecosystem of core capabilities, journeys, and deep connectivity with a curated set of third-party providers** so that our advisors can achieve scale and optimize their business management processes

Digital client onboarding & servicing

- New account opening
- Money movement & account transfers
- Built-in CRM and third-party integration

Planning & proposal generation

- LPL Proposal Tool
- Client Goals (proprietary planning tool)
- Integration with third-parties

Investment & model management

- Trading
- Model creation
- ClientWorks Rebalancer

Practice insights

- Track asset flows
- AUM insights
- Advisor peer benchmarking

Performance reporting

- Custom benchmarking
- Client-facing reports
- Personalized branding

Compliance

- Manage state registrations
- · Proactive advisory surveillance
- Correspondence review

AccountView for their end-clients

Delivering a **digital end-client experience** with the flexibility for advisors and institutions to personalize on behalf of their clients, complementing their personal relationships

Customization and branding	Investment performance tracking	Self-service	Paperless documents	Advisor collaboration
Practice logo	 Value over time 	Self-enrollment	Statements	Secure messaging
Office contacts	 Asset allocation 	 ACH and check deposits 	 Trade confirmations 	 Document sharing
Link to social media	Position performance	 Beneficiary management 	Tax documents	 WealthVision integration

Helping advisors and institutions deliver on their value proposition

Our Services Group is an innovation engine and driver of organic growth...

Deepening our vertical integration



Driving Organic Growth

New Store Sales

- Enabling \$38B in Recruited AUM⁽⁶⁾ since launch
- Expanding our addressable markets by supporting new affiliation models
- Attracting new advisor and institution profiles

Same Store Sales

- ~2x faster growth among users of our Services Group vs. those that don't
- Supporting advisors and institutions to acquire more new end-clients
- Giving advisors and institutions the tools to deepen relationships with existing clients

Retention

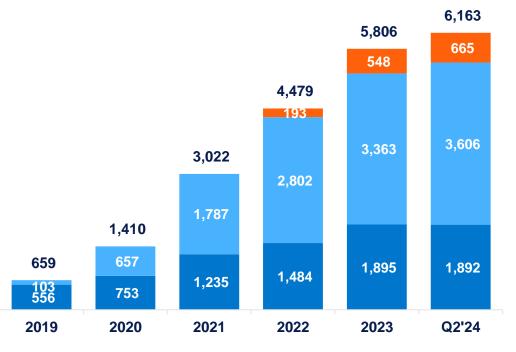
- ~1.5x higher NPS scores among users of our Services Group vs. those that don't
- Increasing client asset retention
- More likely to recommend LPL

...and has grown to ~6,200 subscriptions, with broad adoption across our diverse services

- Planning & Advice Services
- Digital and employee-powered solutions that help advisors and institutions • expand the breadth and depth of their advice
- Helps advisors and institutions increase marketplace differentiation while limiting additional complexity and risk
- Current Portfolio: Paraplanning, Tax Planning, and High Net Worth Services
- In Development: Outsourced Chief Investment Officer
- Digital and employee-powered solutions that provide risk mitigation and business ٠ continuity services to support business operations and succession planning
- Lower revenue and lower cost since they deliver digital capabilities
- Current Portfolio: M&A Solutions, Digital Office, Resilience Plan and Assurance Plan
- **In Development:** Digital Marketing, Brand Solutions
- Digital and employee-powered solutions that provide expertise to increase business-level growth and operational efficiency
- Higher revenue and higher cost due to full support from an LPL team
- Current Portfolio: CFO Solutions, Marketing Solutions, Admin Solutions, Advisor Institute, Bookkeeping, Partial Book Sales and CFO Essentials
- In Development: Payroll Services, HR Solutions ٠

Services Group Subscriptions (end of period)

- Planning & Advice Services⁺
- **Business Optimizers**
- **Professional Services**



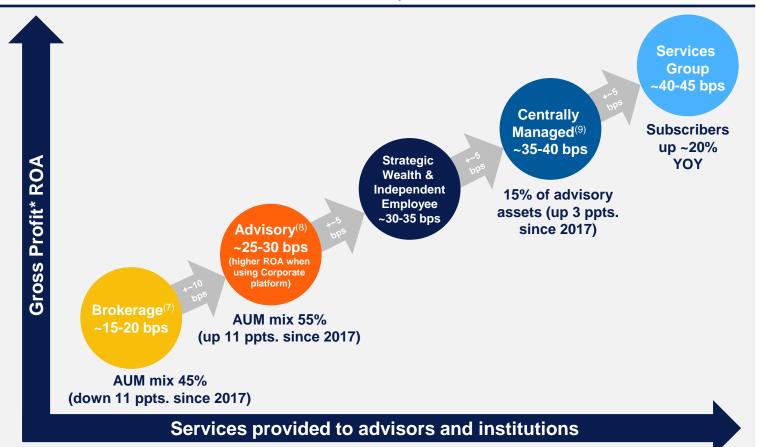
Services Group Advisor Count (end of period) 485 1,167 2,266 3,039 3,850 4,169

Business Optimizers Services Business

Professional Services

We provide a range of services to advisors and institutions, strengthening their business while enhancing our returns

We have seen a favorable mix shift in our platforms



Key points

- Brokerage: Asset growth is driven by institutions, where asset mix is primarily brokerage
- Advisory: Assets are shifting from brokerage to advisory, as end-clients seek greater levels of support from advisors
 - Prior to institutions, we are shifting towards advisory at ~2%+ per year
 - Over 75% of new client flows are in advisory
- New Models: Strategic Wealth & Independent Employee models increase support for advisors and expand our addressable market
- Centrally Managed: Platforms can create additional value within advisory
- Outsourcing portfolio design and management can free up advisors' time to serve clients and grow their business
- Services Group: Support advisors and institutions through an expanded set of offerings and a subscription model

We are advancing our capabilities to enhance our value proposition and drive growth

Investment areas of focus



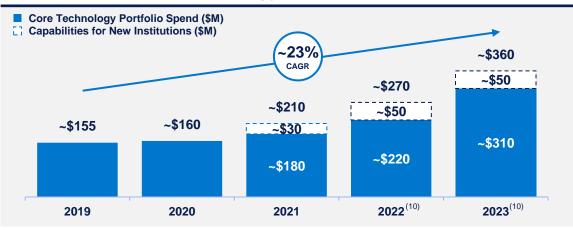
† Prior to Waddell & Reed

2022 Core G&A* growth is based on the Company's total 2021 Core G&A*

We are making investments to drive organic growth...



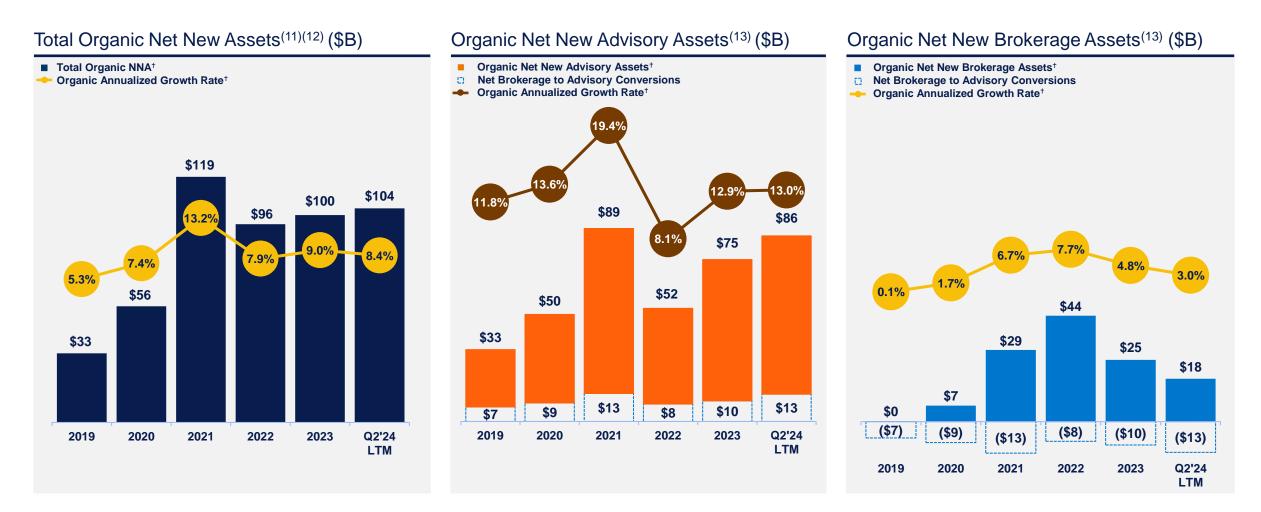
...with a focus on Technology



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We continued to drive solid organic growth with a net new asset growth rate of ~8% over the past year



We benefit from rising market levels and interest rates, and our business model has natural hedges to market volatility

Macro benefits

Market Levels (S&P 500)

Rising market levels drive growth in assets and related revenues including advisory fees, trailing commissions and sponsor revenues

Interest Rates

Rising interest rates benefit our client cash yields

Annual Gross Profit* Impact

~\$30M⁽¹⁵⁾ Per 25 bps change in short-term rates

~\$10M⁽¹⁴⁾

Per 1% change in market levels

Natural offsets to market declines

Cash Sweep Balance

Increased risk and volatility in the market drives higher cash sweep balances

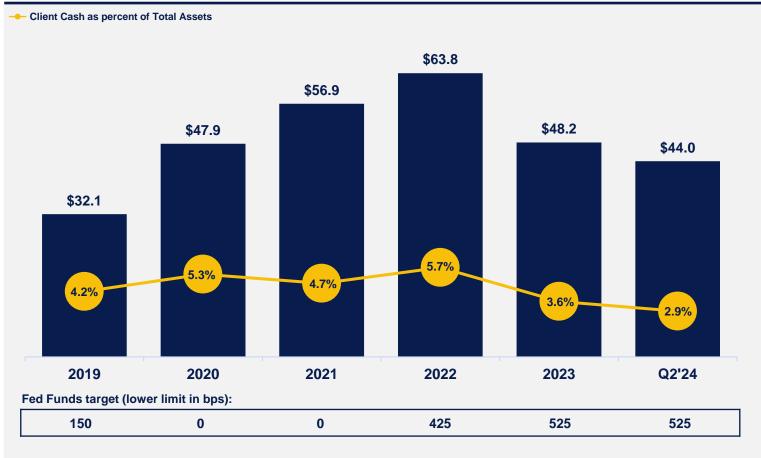
Transaction Volume

Increased risk and volatility in the market drives additional portfolio rebalancing activity and higher transaction volumes As equity markets declined in 1H 2022, cash balances increased by ~\$13B, which translates to a **~\$550M benefit annually**⁽¹⁶⁾

Transaction revenue increased ~**\$7M** sequentially in Q1 2022

Our client cash balances are largely operational and as a percent of client assets, have been stable across rate cycles

Client Cash Balances⁽¹⁷⁾ (end of period, \$B)



We generate economics on client cash through a third-party bank network

- By establishing sweep relationships across our ICA and DCA programs, we can leverage the balance sheets of our third-party bank partners
- We do this through a combination of fixed and floating rate deposit agreements

Client cash as a % of assets has averaged ${\sim}5\%^{\dagger}$

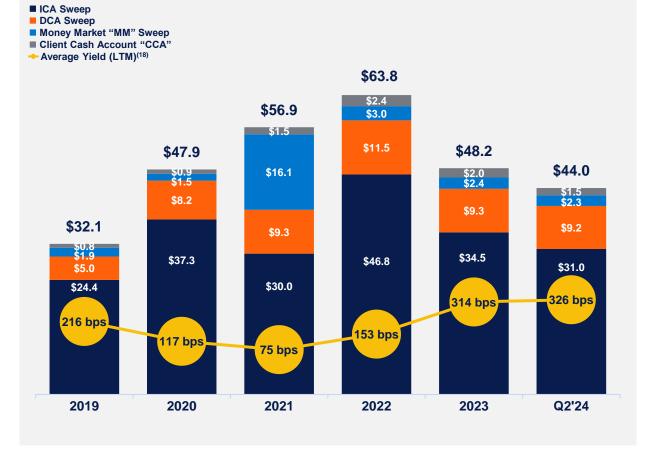
- Our client cash balances are largely operational
 - Typically small balances used for rebalancing, paying advisory fees and customer withdrawals
 - This is reflected in the low client cash balances, which average ~5% or ~\$7K per account
- We believe the primary factor that moves that % of client cash up or down is market sentiment rather than rate seeking behavior
 - When clients are fully deployed in the markets, the ratio has gone as low as ~3%
- In Q2 2024, cash was 2.9% of client assets
 - Cash balances declined in the quarter, driven by net buying of \$39B

Note: Totals may not foot due to rounding

Since the start of the last interest rate cycle in Q4'16

We generate compelling economics on client cash balances

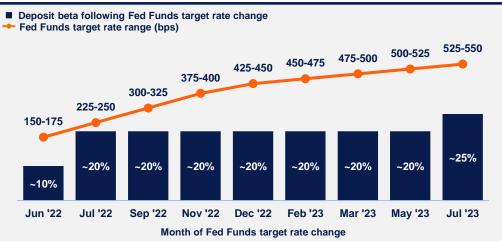
Client Cash Balances⁽¹⁷⁾ (end of period, \$B)



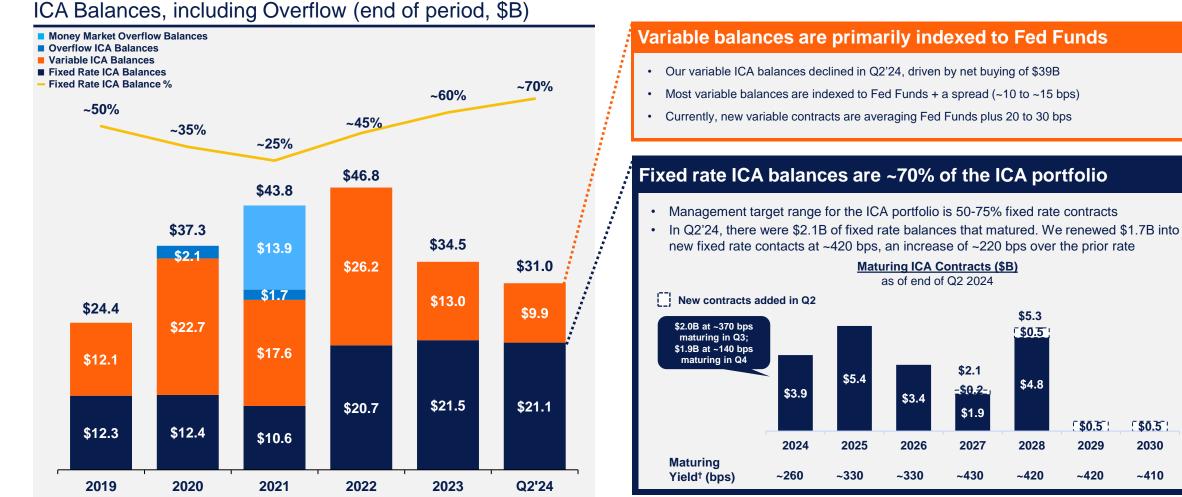
Interest Rate Impact

- Since Q1 2022, as the Fed started to increase interest rates, our deposit beta averaged ~15%
 - Deposit betas averaged ~2.5% over the first 4 hikes, and ~20% on subsequent hikes, including a peak of ~25% on the final hike
- Applying historical deposit betas to our current cash balances would yield:
 - ~\$30M of Annual Gross Profit* per subsequent rate adjustment, at a ~25% deposit beta

Deposit betas on recent Fed Funds rate changes



Fixed rate balances make up ~70% of the ICA portfolio, reducing our sensitivity to movement in short-term interest rates



Weighted average yield across ladder is ~350 bps

\$0.5

2030

~410

5

We remain focused on investing to drive organic growth while delivering long-term operating leverage in our core business

Long-term cost strategy	2024 Core G&A* context
Deliver operating leverage in core business	 Our 2024 Core G&A* outlook range is ~6.25% to ~8.75% year-over-year growth or \$1,455M to \$1,490M
 Prioritize investments that drive additional growth 	 This is prior to expenses associated with Prudential, which we expect to onboard towards the end of this year, and Atria, which we expect to close in the second half of 2024
Drive productivity and efficiency	 We expect Core G&A related to Prudential to build late in 2024 and primarily be incurred in 2025
 Adapt cost trajectory as environment evolves 	• If our strong levels of organic growth continue into the second half of the year, we would expect to be in the upper half of our 2024 outlook range
Recent expense trajectory, prior to acquisitions	Core G&A* outlook
Annual Core G&A [*] Growth 13% 15%	1H 2024 \$734M
6.5% 8% ~6.25% - ~8.75%	1H 2024 Annualized \$1,468M

† 2022 Core G&A* growth is based on the Company's total 2021 Core G&A*

Our capital management strategy is focused on driving growth and maximizing shareholder value

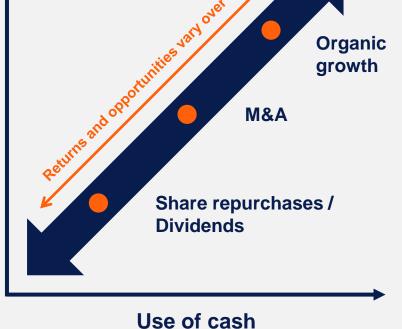
Our capital management principles

- Disciplined capital management to drive long-term shareholder value
- Maintain a strong and flexible balance sheet
 - Flexible debt structure to support capital allocation
- Prioritize investments to support and drive organic growth
 - Recruiting to drive net new assets
 - Capital to support advisor and institution growth and advisor M&A
 - Investments in capabilities to attract new assets, advisors and institutions
- Capitalize on opportunistic M&A
 - Remain prepared for attractive opportunities
 - Facilitate advisor monetization and transitions through Liquidity & Succession solutions
- Return excess capital to shareholders
 - Share repurchases
 - Dividends



Dynamic capital allocation framework

ROI



Maintaining a strong balance sheet is critical to our strategy and a key consideration for advisors and institutions

Balance Sheet Principles

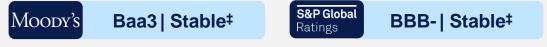
- Maintain a strong balance sheet that can absorb market volatility while having the capacity to invest for growth
- A long-term target leverage ratio⁽³⁾ range of 1.5x to 2.5x positions our balance sheet well over a range of economic cycles and strikes the right balance between preserving balance sheet strength and investing for growth
 - In order to do so, we plan to periodically incur debt when necessary, utilizing our parent revolver for near-term needs, replacing with long-term debt as conditions warrant
- We are willing to operate temporarily above or below our target range if conditions warrant
- At the top end of our target leverage range, we have the capacity to deploy up to ~\$3.2B⁽¹⁹⁾ of additional capital
- We maintain a management target of \$200 million in Corporate Cash⁽²⁰⁾⁽²¹⁾

Leverage Ratio⁽³⁾



Credit Ratings[†]

- Maintaining a strong balance sheet is critical to our strategy and a key consideration for advisors
- We are committed to maintaining our investment grade rating and continuing to improve our positioning

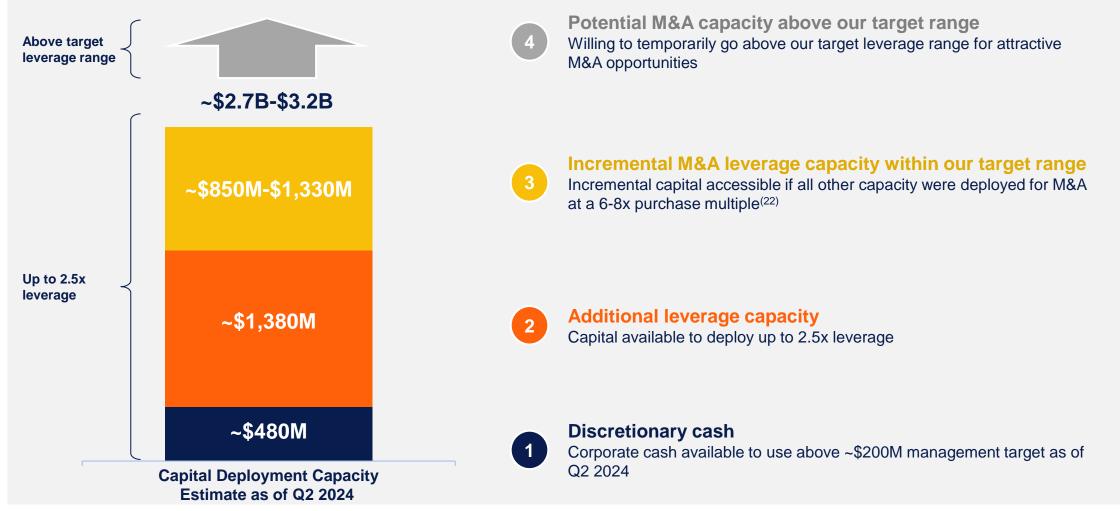


[†] Represents Moody's senior secured and senior unsecured credit ratings and S&P Issuer Credit Rating. A securities rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision or withdrawal at anytime.

[‡] The senior unsecured rating of LPL Holdings, Inc. was upgraded to investment grade (Baa3) on November 14, 2022 by Moody's; upgraded to investment grade (BBB-) on April 5, 2023 by S&P

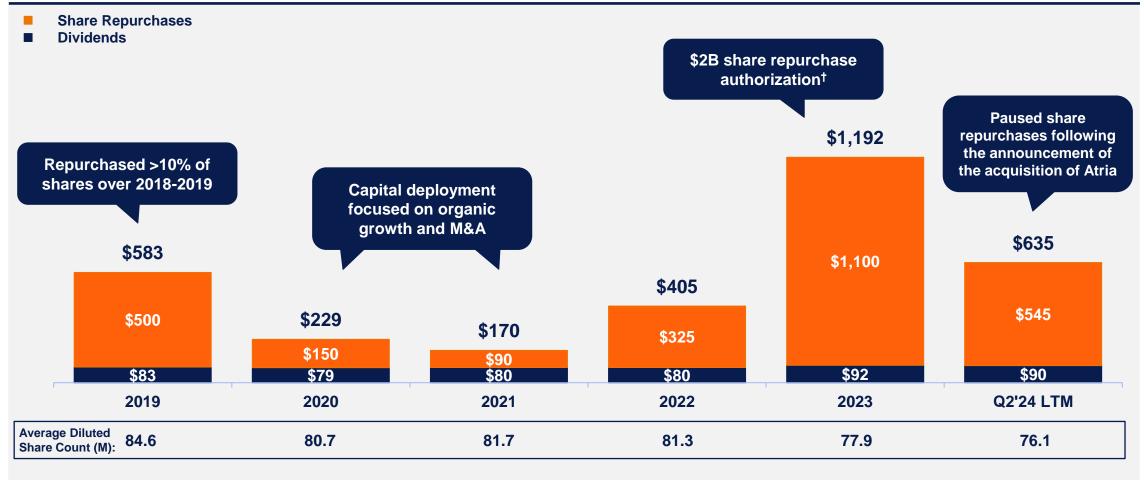
We have significant capital deployment capacity...

Capital Deployment Capacity

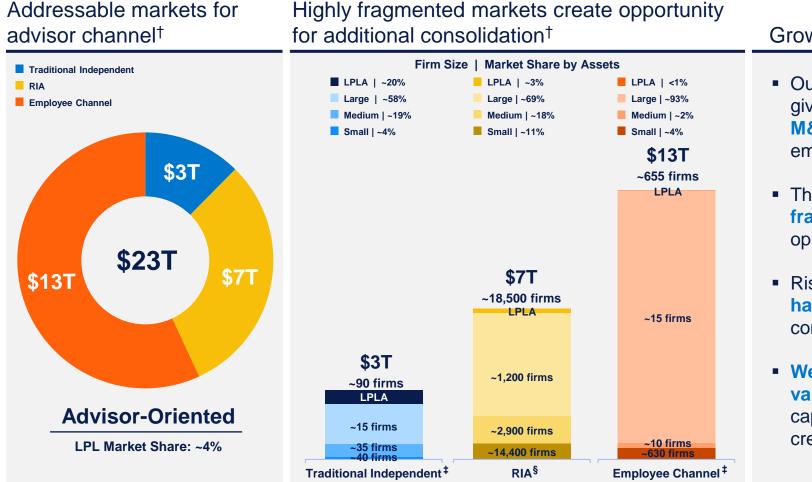


...And we have continued to return capital to shareholders

Share Repurchases and Dividends (\$M)



We see potential for consolidation given fragmented markets



Growth potential from consolidation

- Our scale, capabilities and economics give us competitive advantages in M&A in independent markets and employee channels
- The independent markets are fragmented with consolidation opportunities
- Rising cost and complexity is making it harder for smaller players to compete
- We believe consolidation can drive value by adding scale, increasing our capacity to invest in capabilities, and creating shareholder value

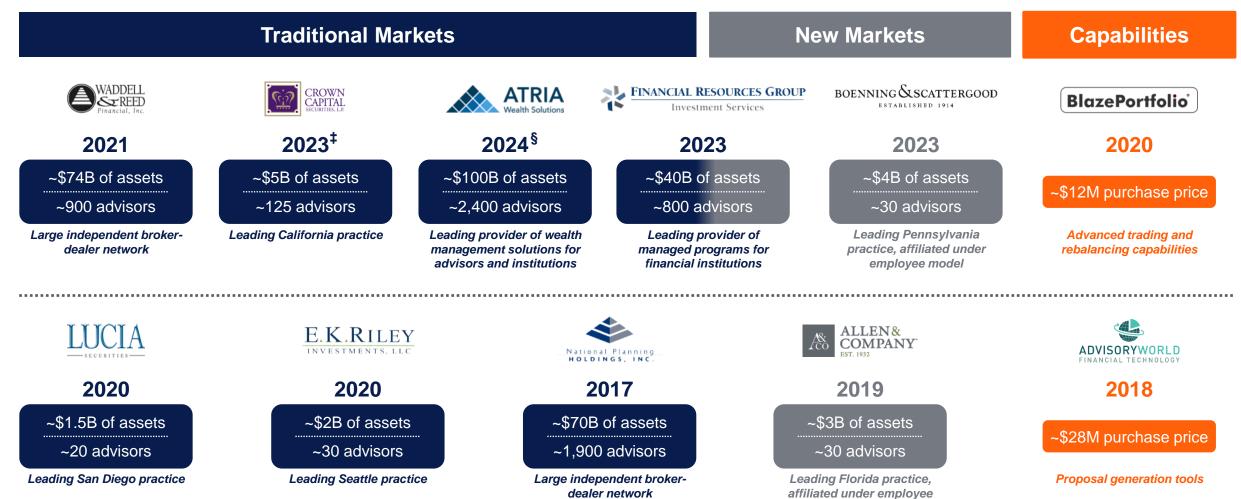
Note: Totals may not foot due to rounding.

† Estimated market sizing based on 2023 Cerulli reports. See endnote (5) for additional detail

Traditional Independent and Employee Channel sizing: Small (<\$10B); Medium (\$10B - <\$50B); Large (>\$50B)

§ RIA sizing: Small (<\$250M); Medium (\$250M - <\$1B); Large (>\$1B)

Recent acquisitions[†] have added scale in our traditional markets, accelerated our expansion into new markets, and added new capabilities



† Includes both closed and pending acquisitions

‡ Closed in April 2024

Expected to close in the second half of 2024. Assets as of 12/31/2023, assuming 100% retention.

model

We're delivering liquidity and succession capabilities for advisors seeking to transition

Background: Solving a need in the marketplace

- ~1/3 of advisors are expected to retire or leave the industry over the next decade – representing \$8.5T of AUM[†]
- Historically, advisors' options were limited:
 - Sell to a larger aggregator that may pay an enhanced price, but take control from the advisor
 - Transact with a local advisor, but often at a below-market price

Our response: Liquidity & Succession solutions

LPL can buy practices from advisors seeking a pathway to retirement, looking to free themselves from entrepreneurial burdens, and / or looking for monetization

- Economics Allows advisor to monetize their business through a market-competitive transaction
- Support Empowers advisors through a fully dedicated support model, allowing advisors to rededicate their time and energy to client service
- Transition Transitions ownership of the business to successor advisors over time

Direct acquisition lifecycle example

- Advisor looking to sunset over 2-5 years
- Practice in slower-growth mode; risk of sale away from LPL

LPL buys advisor's practice

Advisor onboarded to employee channel

LPL oversees the practice

- LPL supports advisor with industry-leading capabilities and a transition glidepath to succeeding advisor
- Practice positioned for improved growth within LPL

LPL supports the transition to a succeeding advisor

- LPL trains and fosters the succeeding advisor positioning them to run a great practice, leveraging the best of LPL
- Succeeding advisor(s) assume(s) oversight of practice, with ~10-year path to full control of asset

Succeeding advisor takes over practice

LPL support of practice extended for ~20 years

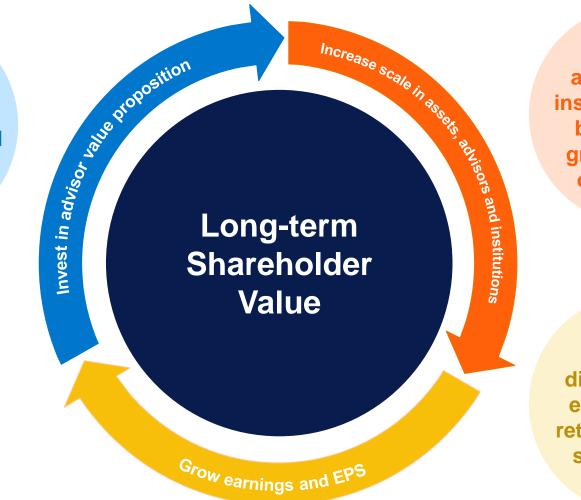
Building foothold in marketplace with strong initial returns

- Enhancing strategic value by training successor advisors, deepening the connection with LPL – and reorienting the practice towards growth
- To date, we have deployed approximately ~\$475 million of capital to close 33 deals
 - We have a pipeline of three additional deals expected to close later this year, including two external practices
 - When ramped, we expect the capacity to execute ~30-40 deals per year
- Good use of capital purchase multiples consistent with our M&A framework ~6-8x EBITDA*
- Based on closed transactions and our pipeline, average deal size of ~\$10-20M

continu

As we continue to invest and increase our scale, we enhance our ability to drive further growth

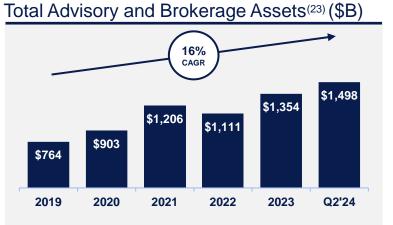
Invest in differentiated capabilities and a unique advisor and institution experience



Attract advisors and institutions, and benefit from greater use of our services

Remain disciplined on expenses and return capital to shareholders

We are focused on executing our strategy and delivering results



Total Organic Net New Asset Growth Up ~1.5x 13.2% 9.0% 8.4% 7.9% 7.4% 5.3% 2019 2020 2022 Q2'24 2021 2023 LTM

Gross Profit* (\$M)



Adjusted EPS*







APPENDIX

Summary of Strategic Relationship with Prudential Financial and Acquisition of Atria Wealth Solutions

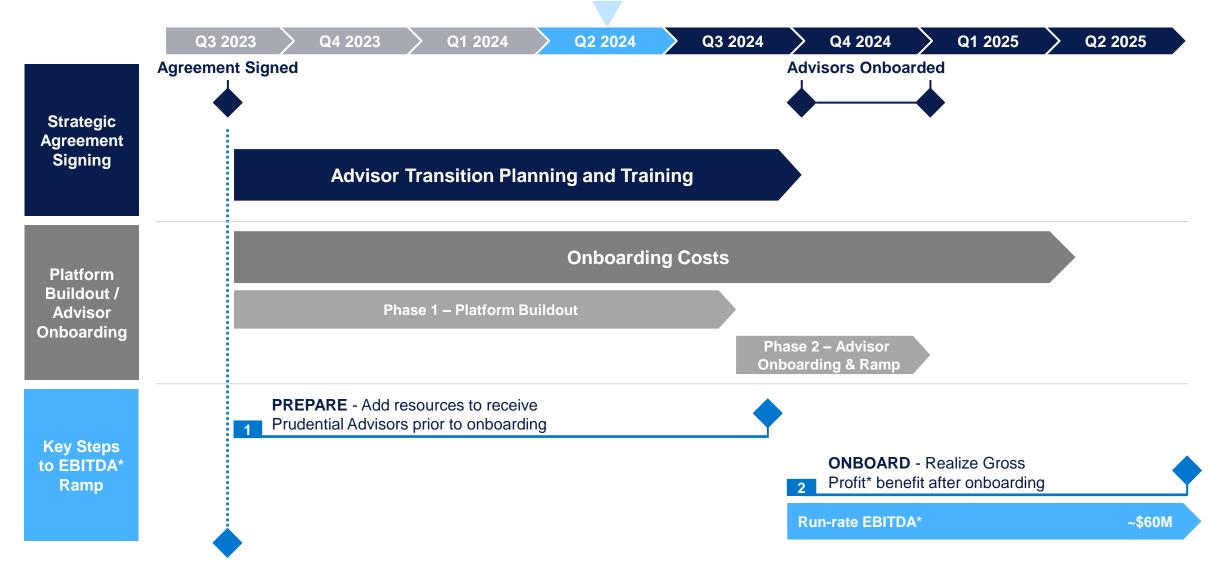
	Prudential Financial	Atria Wealth Solutions
Announcement Details	On August 24, 2023, we signed a strategic relationship agreement to provide retail brokerage and investment advisory services to Prudential for its Prudential Advisors business	 On February 12, 2024, we signed an agreement to acquire 100% of the equity of Atria Wealth Solutions Transaction structured as an equity purchase with an upfront price of ~\$805M Potential earn-outs of ~\$0M to ~\$230M are based on retention ranging from 80% to 100%
Timing of Closing and Onboarding	Expected to onboard in the latter part of 2024	 Anticipate closing in the second half of 2024 Expected to onboard in mid-2025
Assets and Advisors⁺	 ~2,600 advisors, serving ~\$50B in client assets ~25% advisory and ~75% brokerage Client cash sweep balances of ~\$1B 	 ~2,400 advisors, serving ~\$100B in client assets ~20% advisory and ~80% brokerage ~\$65B advisor channel and ~\$35B institution channel Client cash sweep balances of ~\$2.5B
Estimated Financial Impacts	 Estimated onboarding and integration costs of ~\$125M Estimated technology spend of ~\$200M will be capitalized and amortized over time Estimated run-rate EBITDA* of ~\$60M[‡] 	 Estimated onboarding and integration costs of ~\$300M to ~\$350M Estimated baseline EBITDA* at closing of ~\$65M§ Following completion of onboarding and integration, revenue and expense synergies are expected to result in run-rate EBITDA* of ~\$140M§

Prudential assets and advisors as of 6/30/2023; Atria assets and advisors as of 12/31/2023.

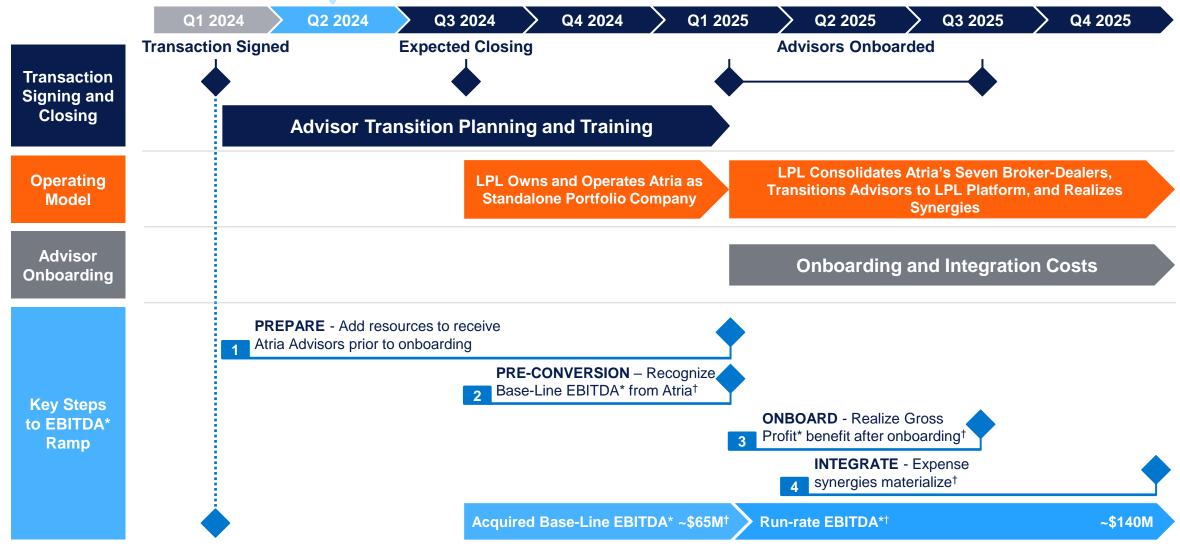
Estimated run-rate EBITDA* accretion of \$60M+ based on Prudential Advisors' assets as of 06/30/2023

Acquired base-line EBITDA* of ~\$65M and estimated run-rate EBITDA* accretion of ~\$140M are based on Atria Advisors' assets as of 12/31/23 and ~80% retention; increases with higher levels of asset retention; and is burdened by amortization from transition assistance loans.

Prudential Financial: We estimate reaching an annual EBITDA* benefit of \$60M+ when fully ramped



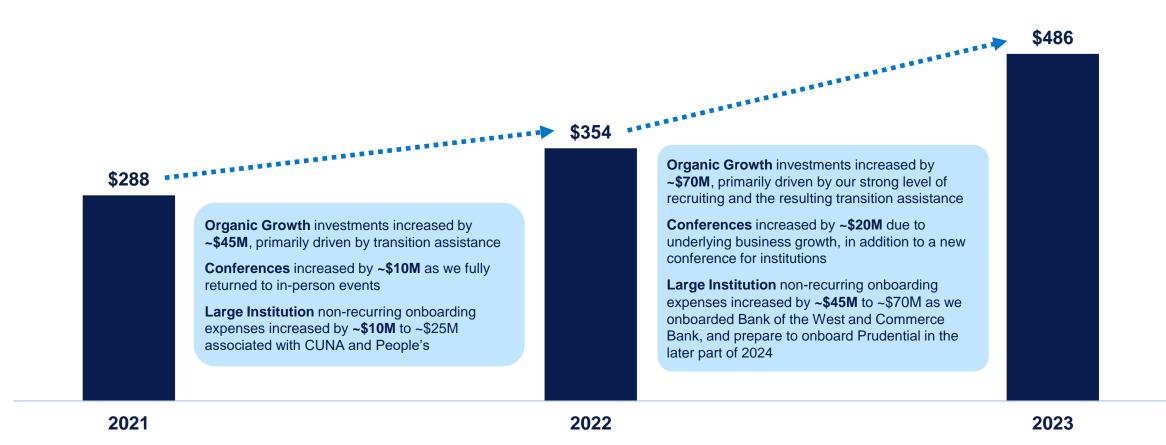
Atria Wealth Solutions: We estimate reaching an annual EBITDA* benefit of ~\$140M when fully ramped



† Upon close of the transaction, acquired base-line EBITDA* is expected to be ~\$65M. Following completion of onboarding and integration of Atria, revenue and expense synergies are expected to result in run-rate EBITDA* of ~\$140M.

Key drivers of promotional expense growth

Promotional Expense (\$M)



Gross Profit*

Gross profit* is a non-GAAP financial measure. Please see a description of gross profit* under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on page 3 of this presentation for additional information.

Below is a calculation of gross profit* for the periods presented herein:

\$ in millions	Q2'24 LTM	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total revenue	\$10,931	\$10,053	\$8,601	\$7,721	\$5,872	\$5,625
Advisory and commission expense	6,649	5,916	5,325	5,180	3,697	3,388
Brokerage, clearing and exchange expense	114	106	86	86	71	64
Employee deferred compensation ⁽²⁴⁾	5	4	-	-	-	-
Gross Profit	\$4,163	\$4,027	\$3,190	\$2,455	\$2,103	\$2,172

Net Income to EBITDA*, Adjusted EBITDA* and Credit Agreement EBITDA*

EBITDA*, Adjusted EBITDA* and Credit Agreement EBITDA* are non-GAAP financial measures. Please see a description of EBITDA*, Adjusted EBITDA* and Credit Agreement EBITDA* under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on page 3 of this presentation for additional information.

Below are reconciliations of the Company's net income to EBITDA*, Adjusted EBITDA* and Credit Agreement EBITDA* for the periods presented herein:

	_	9				
\$ in millions	Q2'24 LTM	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net income	\$974	\$1,066	\$846	\$460	\$473	\$560
Interest expense on borrowings	227	187	126	104	106	130
Provision for income taxes	341	379	266	141	153	182
Depreciation and amortization	271	247	200	151	110	96
Amortization of other intangibles	117	107	88	79	67	65
EBITDA	\$1,930	\$1,986	\$1,525	\$936	\$909	\$1,033
Acquisition costs ⁽²⁵⁾	87	48	36	76	-	-
Off-channel investigation ⁽²⁶⁾	40	40	-	-	-	-
Adjusted EBITDA	\$2,057	\$2,074	\$1,561	\$1,012	\$909	\$1,033
	Q2'24 LTM	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
EBITDA	\$1,930	\$1,986	\$1,525	\$936	\$909	\$1,033
Credit Agreement Adjustments:						
Acquisition costs and other ⁽²⁵⁾⁽²⁶⁾	225	110	51	92	18	12
Employee share-based compensation	74	66	50	42	32	30
M&A accretion ⁽²⁷⁾	29	30	11	54	-	-
Advisor share-based compensation	3	3	3	2	2	3
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	-	-	24	-	3
Credit Agreement EBITDA	\$2,260	\$2,195	\$1,639	\$1,151	\$961	\$1,081
Total debt	4,472	3,757	2,738	2,839	2,359	2,415
Total corporate cash	684	184	459	237	280	204
Credit Agreement Net Debt	\$3,788	\$3,574	\$2,279	\$2,602	\$2,079	\$2,211
Leverage Ratio	1.68x	1.63x	1.39x	2.26x	2.16x	2.05x

Adjusted EPS* and Adjusted Net Income*

Adjusted EPS* and adjusted net income* are non-GAAP financial measures. Please see a description of adjusted EPS* and adjusted net income* under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on page 3 of this presentation for additional information.

Below are reconciliations of net income and earnings per diluted share to adjusted net income* and adjusted EPS* for the periods presented herein:

	Q2'24	LTM	202	23	202	22	202	21	202	20	201	9
\$ in millions, except per share data	Amount	Per Share	Amount	Per Share	Amount	Per Share	Amount	Per Share	Amount	Per Share	Amount	Per Share
Net income / earnings per diluted share	\$975	\$12.82	\$1,066	\$13.69	\$846	\$10.40	\$460	\$5.63	\$473	\$5.86	\$560	\$6.62
Amortization of other intangibles	117	1.54	107	1.38	88	1.08	79	0.97	67	0.83	65	0.76
Acquisition costs ⁽²⁵⁾	87	1.16	48	0.62	36	0.44	76	0.93	-	0.00	-	0.00
Off-channel investigation ⁽²⁶⁾	40	0.52	40	0.52	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00
Tax benefit	(51)	(0.68)	(37)	(0.48)	(33)	(0.40)	(41)	(0.51)	(19)	(0.23)	(18)	(0.21)
Adjusted net income / adjusted EPS	\$1,167	\$15.34	\$1,224	\$15.72	\$937	\$11.52	\$574	\$7.02	\$521	\$6.46	\$607	\$7.17
Average diluted share count	76.1		77.9		81.3		81.7		80.9		85.0	

Core G&A* to Total expense

Core G&A* is a non-GAAP financial measure. Please see a description of Core G&A* under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on page 3 of this presentation for additional information.

Below is a reconciliation of total expense to Core G&A* and of Core G&A, prior to the impact of the acquisitions of Waddell & Reed in 2021:

\$ in millions	Q2'24 LTM	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total expense	\$9,615	\$8,608	\$7,489	\$7,120	\$5,246	\$4,882
Advisory and commission	6,648	5,916	5,325	5,180	3,697	3,388
Depreciation and amortization	271	247	200	151	110	96
Interest expense on borrowings	226	187	126	104	106	130
Brokerage, clearing and exchange	115	106	86	86	71	64
Amortization of other intangibles	117	107	88	79	67	65
Employee deferred compensation ⁽²⁴⁾	5	4	-	-	-	-
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	-	-	24	-	3
Total G&A	\$2,232	\$2,041	\$1,665	\$1,494	\$1,194	\$1,136
Promotional (ongoing) ⁽²⁵⁾	558	486	354	288	208	206
Acquisition costs ⁽²⁵⁾	87	48	36	76	-	-
Employee share-based compensation	75	66	50	42	32	30
Regulatory charges	72	71	33	29	29	32
Core G&A	\$1,441	\$1,369	\$1,192	\$1,058	\$925	\$868
\$ in millions	2021					
Core G&A	\$1,058					
Waddell & Reed-related Core G&A	59					
Total Core G&A prior to acquisitions	\$999					

Endnotes

- (1) Calculated as annualized current period organic net new assets divided by preceding period assets in their respective categories of advisory assets or total advisory and brokerage assets.
- (2) Calculated by dividing adjusted EBITDA* for the period by Gross Profit* for the period.
- (3) The Company calculates its leverage ratio as total debt less total corporate cash, divided by Credit Agreement EBITDA* for the trailing twelve months.
- (4) Other employee channels include National & Regional B/D, Insurance B/D and Retail bank B/D channels. Independent channels include independent B/D, Hybrid RIA and Independent RIA channels.
- (5) Estimated market sizing based on 2023 Cerulli reports, unless otherwise noted. Below are reconciliations of each market:

Traditional Market	RIA Market	Employee Channel	Institution Channel
Independent B/D	Hybrid RIA	National & Regional B/D	Insurance B/D
	Independent RIA	Wirehouse	Bank Trust
		(-) Adj. to avoid double-counting Boutique B/D	Product Manufacturers*
			Boutique B/D*
			Retail bank B/D
			(-) Adj. to Retail bank B/D: Chase & Wells Fargo

* Estimated market sizing based on LPL estimates. Product Manufacturers defined as fund companies with an adjacent traditional wealth management business serving individuals. Boutique B/D defined as National & Regional B/Ds with less than \$50B AUM, which we view as an Institution market opportunity

- (6) Represents the estimated total advisory and brokerage assets expected to transition to the Company's primary broker-dealer subsidiary, LPL Financial LLC ("LPL Financial"), associated with advisors who transferred their licenses to LPL Financial during the period. The estimate is based on prior business reported by the advisors, which has not been independently and fully verified by LPL Financial. The actual transition of assets to LPL Financial generally occurs over several quarters and the actual amount transitioned may vary from the estimate.
- (7) Consists of brokerage assets serviced by advisors licensed with LPL Financial.
- (8) Consists of total assets on LPL Financial's corporate advisory platform serviced by investment advisor representatives of LPL Financial and total assets on LPL Financial's independent advisory platform serviced by investment advisor representatives of separate investment advisor firms ("Independent RIAs"), rather than of LPL Financial.
- (9) Consists of advisory assets in LPL Financial's Model Wealth Portfolios, Optimum Market Portfolios, Personal Wealth Portfolios, and Guided Wealth Portfolios platforms.
- (10) 2022 and 2023 are prior to M&A- and institution-reated onboarding spend in technology.
- (11) Organic Net New Assets include assets from Large Institutions. Below are Net New Assets from Large Institutions for the periods presented:

\$ in billions	Q2'24 LTM	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net new organic advisory assets	\$2.3	\$2.3	\$1.5	\$8.1	\$0.0	\$0.0
Net new organic brokerage assets	8.8	8.8	29.8	26.8	0.0	0.0
Total Organic Net New Assets from Large Institutions	\$11.1	\$11.1	\$31.3	\$35.0	\$0.0	\$0.0

(12) In April 2020, the Company updated its definition of net new assets to include dividends plus interest, minus advisory fees. Unless otherwise noted, net new assets figures for periods prior to Q2 2020 appearing in this presentation have been recast using the updated definition.

(13) Consists of total client deposits into advisory or brokerage accounts less total client withdrawals from advisory or brokerage accounts, plus dividends, plus interest, minus advisory fees. The Company considers conversions from and to brokerage or advisory accounts as deposits and withdrawals, respectively. Annualized growth is calculated as the current period organic net new advisory or brokerage assets divided by preceding period total advisory or brokerage assets.

(14) Calculated as a one percent change in total assets multiplied by a market correlation factor multiplied by total Gross Profit* return on assets.

(15) Assumes change based on Q2 2024 end of period ICA balances, presented on page 22.

Endnotes

- (16) Annual benefit measured in total revenue. Based on variable client cash balances indexed to Fed Funds.
- (17) During the second quarter of 2022, the Company updated its definition of client cash balances to include client cash accounts and exclude purchased money market funds. Client cash accounts include cash that clients have deposited with LPL Financial that is included in Client payables in the consolidated balance sheets. During the first quarter of 2024, the company updated its definition of the client cash account balances to exclude other client payables. Prior period disclosures have been updated to reflect these changes as applicable.
- (18) Calculated by dividing revenue for the period by the average balance during the period.
- (19) Calculated using the summation of the following components: (1) corporate cash available to use above \$200M management target range, (2) the additional leverage capacity above current leverage times trailing twelve month Credit Agreement EBITDA, and (3) the additional leverage capacity from an M&A opportunity at a 6x purchase multiple for which capital was deployed up to 2.5x leverage.
- (20) Management's corporate cash target reflects a level sufficient to meet our near-term corporate debt obligations.
- (21) Corporate cash, a component of cash and equivalents, includes the sum of cash and equivalents from the following: (1) cash and equivalents held at LPL Holdings, Inc., (2) cash and equivalents held at regulated subsidiaries as defined by the Company's Credit Agreement, which include LPL Financial LLC and The Private Trust Company, N.A., in excess of the capital requirements of the Company's Credit Agreement, which, in the case of LPL Financial LLC, is net capital in excess of 10% of its aggregate debits, or five times the net capital required in accordance with the Uniform Net Capital Rule, and (3) cash and equivalents held at non-regulated subsidiaries.
- (22) Additional leverage capacity is assumed to be generated by acquired EBITDA* from an M&A opportunity at a 6-8x purchase multiple for which capital was deployed up to 2.5x leverage.
- (23) Consists of total advisory and brokerage assets under custody at LPL Financial and Waddell & Reed, LLC. As of June 30, 2024, there were no assets under custody at Waddell & Reed.
- (24) During the first quarter of 2023, the Company updated its presentation of employee deferred compensation to be consistent with its presentation of advisor deferred compensation. As a result, gains or losses related to market fluctuations on advisor and employee deferred compensation plans are presented in the same line item as the related increase or decrease in compensation expense for purposes of Management's Statements of Operations. This change has not been applied retroactively as the impact on prior periods was not material.
- (25) Acquisition costs include the costs to setup, onboard and integrate acquired entities and other costs that were incurred as a result of the acquisitions. The below table summarizes the primary components of acquisition costs for the periods presented:

\$ in millions	Q2'24 LTM	2023	2022	2021
Fair value mark on contingent consideration ⁽²⁸⁾	\$51.3	\$26.7	-	-
Professional services	12.7	10.0	12.0	18.7
Compensation and benefits	14.9	6.1	20.6	36.4
Promotional	5.9	3.6	2.3	14.3
Other	2.5	1.7	1.3	7.0
Acquisition costs	\$87.3	\$48.1	\$36.2	\$76.4

- (26) In 2023, the SEC proposed a potential settlement with the Company to resolve its civil investigation of the Company's compliance with records preservation requirements for business-related electronic communications stored on personal devices or messaging platforms that have not been approved by the Company. Under the SEC's proposed resolution, the Company would pay a \$50.0 million civil monetary penalty. As a result, the Company recorded \$40.0 million in regulatory charges during the three months ended September 30, 2023 to reflect the amount of the penalty that is not covered by the Company's captive insurance subsidiary. On March 22, 2024, the Company reached a settlement in principle with the staff of the SEC to resolve its civil investigation. The Company expects to pay the civil monetary penalty of \$50 million during the second half of 2024. The settlement in principle remains subject to approval by the SEC.
- (27) M&A accretion is an adjustment to reflect the annualized expected run rate EBITDA of an acquisition as permitted by the Credit Agreement for up to eight fiscal quarters following the close of the transaction.
- (28) Represents a fair value adjustment to our contingent consideration liabilities that is reflected in other expense in the consolidated statements of income.